The Use of Hyaluronic Acid Combined with Teosyal Redensity II for the Treatment of Dark Circles Under the Eyes

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This study intends to highlight the results of the product Teosyal Redensity II through the cumulative effects of its constituents, that have an antioxidant, hydrating, filling and facial restructuring role. The study was performed in the Arestetic Clinic, Galai, between 07.12.2015 and 07.12.2016 on a group of 59 patients, 43 women and 6 men. Teosyal Redensity II proved to be a safe product - as long as it is injected correctly, it does not cause complications. It's easy to inject and has a very high efficiency. It's a periocular rejuvenation and restructuring product, with a filling, antioxidant, hydration and dermal redensification effect. In the case of persons that needed a second injection after 1 month, one could observe a major improvement in elasticity and firmness felt by the person performing the injection. The injection requires small quantities of the substance and is accompanied by only mild discomfort. The result is visible right away.

Keywords: dark circles, Redensity II, Teosyal, hyaluronic acid, biochemistry

Dark circles represent a rising unaesthetic factor. Dark circles encompass two clinical aspects: the formation of subocular grooves and the brown-blackish coloring of the periorbital areas. The appearance of these dark circles is a result of the resorption of the adipose tissue around the eyes, as well as a decrease in the normal arterial irrigation accompanied by the slowing of the venous drainage. Thus, the venous blood stagnates in the capillaries for a longer time, which results in the extravasation of the carboxyhemoglobin and, thus, in the brown-blackish tint of these areas. The Swiss company Teoxane has managed to create a unique formula that can fill the grooves and ensure uniform coloring of this area. Before the appearance of this product, it was attempted to fill the grooves with various products containing hyaluronic acid. However, the suborbital grooves were often replaced by bags under the eyes, as a result of the expansion of the hyaluronic acid and water retention. The innovative chemical formula created by Teoxane resolves these inconveniences, as well as the problem of correcting dark circles. Redensity II contains a unique combination of cross-linked hyaluronic acid and non-cross-linked hyaluronic acid, 8 amino acids, 3 antioxidants, 2 minerals and 1 vitamin. The results are spectacular and last for approximately 1 year.

Experimental part
Material and method
The study was performed in the Arestetic Clinic, Galai between 07.12.2015 and 07.12.2016 on a group of 49 patients, on which 43 women and 6 men.

The product used was Teosyal Redensity II, with the following chemical composition: cross-linked hyaluronic acid with BDDE, combined with non-cross-linked hyaluronic acid in a total concentration of 15 mg/mL, 8 amino acids (Leu, Ile, Val, Gly, Lys, Thr, Pro, Arg), 3 antioxidants (Glutathione, N-Acetyl-LCystein, Alpha-Lipoic Acid), vitamin B6 and lidocaine 0.3%. All of these constituents are included in a viscous gel up to 1 ml.

The anesthesia was local, through the application of anesthetic cream 9% lidocaine and 3% procaine. The anesthesia was local, through the application of anesthetic cream 9% lidocaine and 3% procaine. The injection was performed with a 27G, 37 mm cannula. The injection plane was deep, on the periosteum. The patients were examined after 24 h, 7 days and 14 days.

The indications were represented by the presence of suborbital grooves and/or the brown-blackish tint. The exclusion criteria were represented by the presence of bags under the eyes, hydrosaline retention and chronic renal failure with eyelid edema.

The clinical evaluation of the patients was realized in accordance with the protocol recommended by the manufacturer, as follows: Stage 1 - pressing down on the inferior orbital edge in order to exclude the presence of lymph stasis. Stage 2 – evaluating the laxity of the lower eyelid skin (Redensity 2 is indicated for 1st degree laxity). Stage 3 – evaluation of the vector of the lower eyelid that should normally be negative. Stage 4 – estimation of the quantity of hyaluronic acid. The patient is asked to look up, while the physician exercises pressure on the zygomatic bone.

Results and discussions
After turning 30, more than 50% of women have dark circles under their eyes. Thus, the treatment of dark circles is the 7th most popular aesthetic treatment (1). After turning 50, women prefer to treat their lower facial area, while, before turning 45, they prefer to treat their upper facial area (1). This has also been confirmed by our study. The division based on the age group of the patients is displayed in the graph below and is in agreement with other reported studies (2). The ideal substance for treating the periorbital...
and had experienced no complications. 5 patients also
stated that they were very happy with the result
authors (8) (photo 1-4).
the technique of retrograde injection through the
area was performed along the injection line,
became violet. After the injection, a delicate massage of
the injected area was started and the color also started to change and
The suborbital grooves disappeared in all patients. 10 min
after the injection, the color also started to change and
was not felt and the lidocaine in the injected product
cream applied before the injection, the sting of the needle
ensured that the patients felt no pain during the injection,
with regard to the quantity of injected substance, of the
... patients, 2 ml were used for two patients and 3 ml were
used for a single patient (photograph). In the case of the
latter, 2 ml were injected in the first session and 1 ml was
injected after 14 days. The result was very good compared
to the initial appearance. But this was the person that rated
the treatment as 9/10. She was happy with the result, but
considered that the treatment was too expensive. Returning
to the subject of the rating, of the 49 patients, 48 rated
the result as 9/10, with the average rating being 9.97, and the patients’ level of
satisfaction being excellent compared to any other studies
(9).
Of the total patients, 3 developed a small ecchymosis in
the injection spot. It disappeared 5-6 days after the
injection. This was the most frequent adverse reaction and
cannot be considered a complication (9). Two patients
showed a slight morning edema, that lasted for approx. 30
minutes, for 1 week after the injection and disappeared
spontaneously.
Specialized literature lists a series of immediate
complications/adverse reactions associated with filler
injections, such as swelling, erythema, ecchymosis, pain,
infections, allergic reactions and nodules (10). There are reported cases of post-injection swelling lasting for years in patients consuming alcoholic beverages, after immediate and prolonged exposure to sunlight or after strenuous physical activity performed immediately after the injection (11), which indicates the importance of observing the medical recommendations after the injections. Cutaneous infections associated with the injection of fillers are also documented and are mostly determined by imperfect antisepsis conditions, with the most prominent germ being Staphylococcus epidermidis (12). Post-injection dyschromia, though documented in specialized literature (8) was not recorded in any patient. On the contrary, a uniform discoloration was obtained in the dark circle area and the brown-blush or blackish color disappeared. In the case of also injecting fillers in the upper eyelid, a heavy eyelid sensation can occur (10). We only used this technique in two patients, of which one needed 2 ml and one needed 3 ml, with the entire periocular area being excavated. No patients complained of a heavy eyelid sensation. On the contrary, the two patients said that they felt their upper eyelids were more elastic.

Medium term post-filler complications are listed in the specialized literature as being the appearance of nodules or granuloma, as well as the migration of the substance (10). Since these are also the most difficult to treat, we consider them the most relevant from the point of view of complications and we would like to mention that no patients showed such reactions. However, we would also like to note that the specialized literature also states the causes of complications, that are: reactivity of the injection spot, improper injection technique, hypersensitivity to the product, mediated or direct vascular phenomena (10). We would like to highlight the fact that, in order to avoid complications, it’s very important to prepare the area correctly before the injection, to obtain information with regard to the patient’s allergies and, especially, to use the correct technique (13). In addition, no substance migration and no accelerated resorption were noted.

Due to its formula containing combined hyaluronic acid, Redensity II redensifies the papillary dermis and the dermoepidermal junction, in addition to hydrating the area. According to recent studies at the level of the dermoepidermal junction, an increase in elasticity and firmness was noted – a 98% increase in the IV collagen and a 26% increase in fibrin 1. The collagen is responsible for maintaining tissue elasticity and cohesion and the fibrin has a tensor effect on the skin; due to the three antioxidants, one could observe a 28% decrease in malondialdehyde, the main marker of oxidative stress; the hydration of the skin was evaluated in accordance with the studies by measuring x14 epidermal glycosaminoglycan, the production of which increased considerably after the injection (14, 15).

We believe that Redensity II shows excellent results when injected correctly, with no complications. In most cases, 1 mL of the substance is sufficient. However, when injected incorrectly (superficially), small edemas or bags could appear and last for a long time. Injected into the muscle, like any filler containing hyaluronic acid, it shall be dislocated very quickly, which shall lead to an accelerated resorption and the disappearance of the desired effect in a short time (16). Before using Redensity II, we used other products containing hyaluronic acid for injections in the dark circle area. These had a low molecular density, but the patients frequently developed small bags under the eyes, that could last for several months. Redensity II seems to have solved this problem due to the combined use of cross-linked and non-cross-linked hyaluronic acid, as well as due to the use of a gel with low hygroscopic properties, with a low consistency and a viscosity with optimized cohesion, but which also has a dermal stimulation capacity (17, 18).

From the point of view of durability, this study was performed for a period of one calendar year, with its purpose being to highlight the advantages of Redensity II and the almost inexistent risk of complications. However, we would like to mention that we’ve been using this product for approx. 3 years and the average remanence time is approx. 14-16 months, which is even superior to the injection of classic fillers in this area, that have a higher risk of complications (9).

Conclusions

Teosyal Redensity 2 is a safe product, that does not determine complications when injected correctly and only causes rare and minimal adverse reactions: erythema, edema, ecchymosis, discomfort. It’s easy to inject and has a very good efficiency, with a patient satisfaction level of 98%. It’s not like other filling products with hyaluronic acid, it’s a periorbital rejuvenation and restructuring product, with the following effects: filling, antioxidant, hydration, dermal redensification, IV collagen and fibrin production increase, with an increase in skin elasticity and firmness. In the case of persons who needed a second injection after 1 month, one could observe a much better elasticity and firmness felt by the person performing the injection. The injection requires small quantities of substance and is accompanied by a minimum discomfort. The result is immediately visible.

References

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